

# The symmetric genus spectrum of abelian groups

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## Abstract

Let  $\mathcal{S}$  denote the set of positive integers that appear as the symmetric genus of a finite abelian group and let  $\mathcal{S}_0$  denote the set of positive integers that appear as the strong symmetric genus of a finite abelian group. The main theorem of this paper is that  $\mathcal{S} = \mathcal{S}_0$ . As a result, we obtain a set of necessary and sufficient conditions for an integer  $g$  to belong to  $\mathcal{S}$ . This also shows that  $\mathcal{S}$  has an asymptotic density and that it is approximately 0.3284.

*Keywords:* Symmetric genus, strong symmetric genus, Riemann surface, abelian groups, genus spectrum, density.

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# Spekter simetričnega rodu abelovih grup

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## Povzetek

Naj  $\mathcal{S}$  označuje množico pozitivnih celih števil, ki se pojavijo kot simetrični rod kake končne abelove grupe in naj  $\mathcal{S}_0$  označuje množico pozitivnih celih števil, ki se pojavijo kot krepki simetrični rod kake končne abelove grupe. Glavni izrek tega članka je, da je  $\mathcal{S} = \mathcal{S}_0$ . Kot posledico dobimo množico potrebnih in zadostnih pogojev za to, da celo število  $g$  pripada  $\mathcal{S}$ . Izkaže se, da ima  $\mathcal{S}$  asimptotično gostoto in da je ta približno 0.3284.

*Ključne besede: Simetrični rod, krepki simetrični rod, Riemannova ploskev, abelove grupe, spekter rodu, gostota.*

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